Statement

Year	No. of cases reported	No. of persons arrested	No. of persons against whom cases were instituted in the court	No. of persons		No. of persons against whom cases are		No. of persons discharged
				acquited	convicted	Pending Trial	Pending investigation	
1991	39	77	77	..	..	77	..	..
1992	23	27	27	..	..	27	..	..
1993	24	48	44	..	..	44	4	..
1994 (upto 31-10-94)	28	26	14	..	..	14	12	..

Kidnappings in Delhi

J16. SHRI INDER KUMAR GUJ-RAL: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) number of kidnappings in and around Delhi since January, 1994;

(b) number of kidnappings of the children;

tc) number of cases where the criminals have been apprehended;

(d) number of cases where punishments have already awarded; and

(e) details of the punishments handed out to the culprits?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. M. SAYEED): (a) 669 cases of kidnapping and 227 cases of abduction have been reported in Delhi during the period from 1.1.94 to 31.10.94.

(b) 448 children have been kidnapped during the above period;

(c) 375 perons in 264 cases of kidnappings and 140 in 59 cases of abduction have been arrested.

fd) and (e) In one case, the court lias punished one person with two years simple imprisonment.

चकमाओं द्वारा बंगलादेश लौटने से इंकार किया जाना

117. **श्री सुन्दर सिंह भण्डारी :** क्या गृह मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) दक्षिणी त्रिपुरा के शरणार्थी शिविरों में रह रहे चकमाओं ने बंगलादेश लौटने से इंकार किए जाने के क्या कारण बताए हैं ;

(ख) क्या किसी 16–सूत्री कार्यक्रम की घोषणा की गई थी, यदि हां, तो उसका ब्यौरा क्या है; और

(ग) इस समस्या का राजनैतिक हल ढूंढने के लिए क्या कदम उठाए जा रहे हैं ?

गृह मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (श्री पी० एम० सईद) : (क) से (ग) फरवरी और जुलाई; अगस्त, 1994 में, दो चरणों में, कुल 5199 चकमा शरणार्थी त्रिपुरा से बंगलादेश वापस लौटें। उसके बाद से, शरणार्थी नेताओं ने स्वदेश वापसी की प्रक्रिया पुनः शुरू करने से, यह आरोप लगाते हुए इन्कार कर दिया है कि बंगलादेश सरकार द्वारा दि गए आश्वासन पूर्णतः ल[illegible] नहीं कि

गए हैं और कि चटगांव के पर्वतीय क्षेत्रों में स्थितियां, उनकी वापसी के लिए अनुकूल नहीं है। चकमा शरणार्थी, चूंकि बंगलादेश के नागरिक ह इसलिए समस्या का संतोषजनक हल निकालने की जिम्मेसारी बंगलादेश सरकार की है। भारत दरकार, शरणार्थियों की स्वदेश वापसी ‰ लिए शरणार्थी नेताओं और बंगलादेश सरकारों के बीच बातचीत कराने के लिए सभी प्रयास जारी रखे हुए है ।

Pakistani prisoners in jails

118. SHRI S. MUTHU MANI: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state;

(a) the number of Pakistani prisoners who are jailed in Punjab and other parts of the country, captured while crossing the border illegally and how many Indian civilians are jailed in Pakistan for the same crime;

(b) whether any discussions had taken place with Pakistan to repatriate these Pakistani prisoners and to take back our citizens from that country;

(c) whether it is a fact that Government of Pakistan has refused to take back their citizens jailed in India merely by pointing out that the addresses of these persons have not been verified; and ..

(d) whether any verification process took place in respect of our citizens jailed in Pakistan and what is the outcome thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI RAJESH PILOT): (a) to (d) The information is being collected and will be laid on the Table of the House.

Guidelines to reduce custodial deaths

119. SHRI SANJAY DALMIA; Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have istued any guidelines to curb the use of questionable methods by the police in investigation of crime.

(d) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether the guidelines have helped in reducing the incidence of custodial deaths; _.^j

(d) if not, the reasons therefor; and

(e) what further steps have been taken to check custodial deaths?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI P. M. SAYEED): (a) to (e) Although 'Police' is a State subject, the Government of India have issued instructions/ guidelines to the State Governments regarding measures to prevent custodial crimes.

Detailed guidelines have been circulated from time to time to the State Governments and Union Territories regarding measures to prevent the use of questionable and corecive methods by the Police during investigations. While drawing attention to the legal safeguards, State Governments have been requested to bring to the notice of the Police Officers, the instructions contained in the Police Manuals of different states regarding prohibiting or restricting use of force by the police while effecting arrests, interrogating suspects or during any other stage of police inquiry or investigation. It was emphasised that police personnel found guilty of using third degree methods would render themselves liable to exemplary punishment. It has also been emphasised that senior officers should continually guide investigating officers during inspections and meetings and impress upon them the need for adopting correct and prescribed methods of investigation. Apart from specified guidelines, State Governments have been advised that there is a neces[1]-sity to bring about quantitative change in the approach and behaviour of the police towards the general public.

A statement showing the number of custodial deaths over the past three years